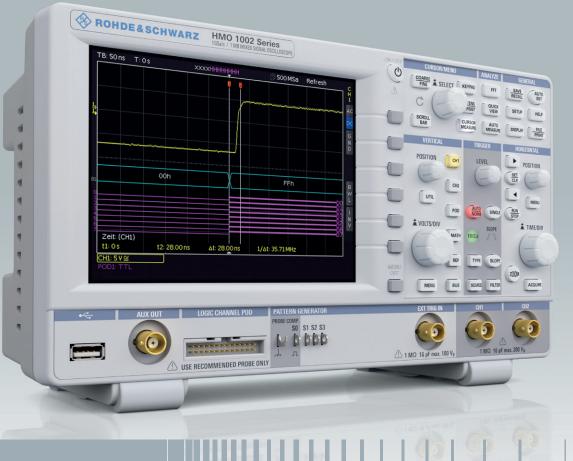
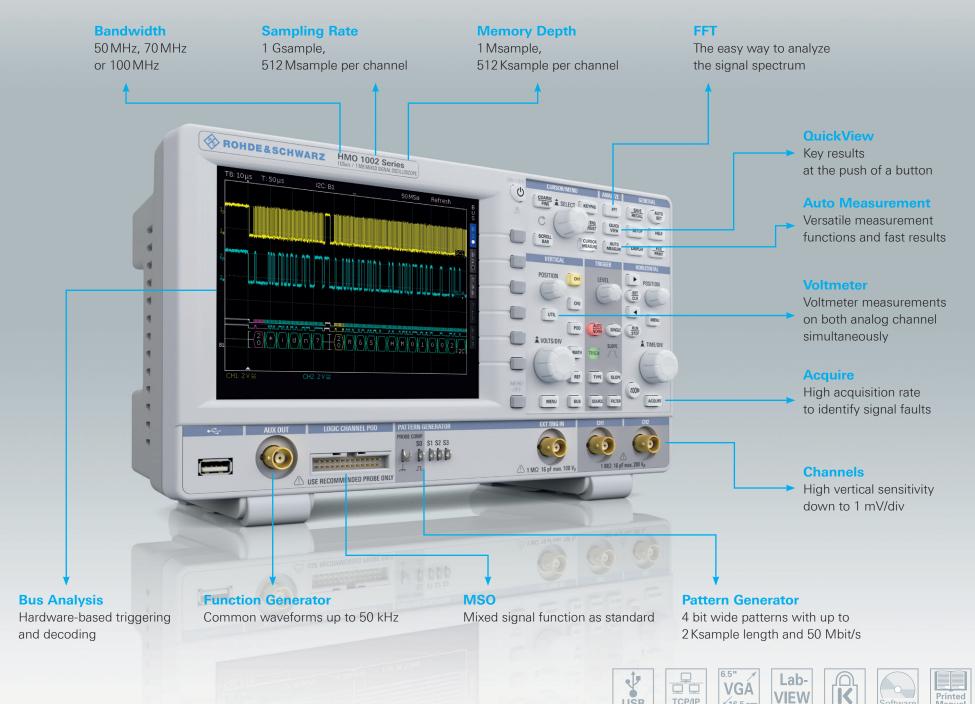
### R&S<sup>®</sup>HM01002 Digital Oscilloscope 50/70/100 MHz Bandwidth

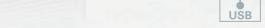




Product Brochure | 01.02

lest & Measurement





VIEW

🖌 16.5 cm

TCP/IP

Printed Manual

## At a glance

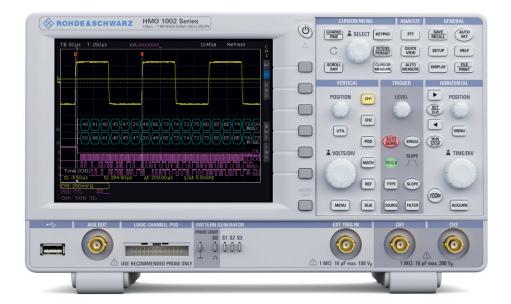
High sensitivity, multifunctionality and a great price – that is what makes the R&S®HM01002 digital oscilloscope so special. From embedded developers to service technicians to educators – with its wide range of functions, the R&S®HM01002 addresses a broad group of users. Advanced, powerful technology in a fanless design meets the high requirements of today's customers. The R&S®HM01002 digital oscilloscope includes a wide range of upgrade options, providing true investment protection for the future.

The R&S<sup>®</sup>HMO1002 digital oscilloscope from the Rohde & Schwarz Value Instruments product range features a high waveform update rate and high vertical sensitivity, and is available with bandwidths of 50 MHz, 70 MHz and 100 MHz. The fanless instrument offers a sampling rate of 1 Gsample/s and a memory depth of 1 Msample.

Like all R&S®HMO oscilloscopes, the R&S®HMO1002 includes the mixed signal function as standard. The separately available R&S®HO3508 logic probe is not coupled to a specific instrument and can be used with all R&S®HMO oscilloscopes.

For communications between embedded systems and the environment, the R&S®HMO1002 includes hardware-based signal triggering and decoding for all common protocols (I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI, UART, CAN and LIN). This option can be activated with an upgrade voucher at any time.

The integrated pattern generator for generating protocol messages at up to 50 Mbit/s is ideal for embedded users. In addition to using predefined messages, developers can program their own signal patterns for supported serial protocols. The integrated three-digit digital voltmeter enables service technicians to simultaneously perform voltage measurements on both analog channels with two values each.



The function generator that generates different types of signals with frequencies up to 50 kHz is useful in educational settings. Trainees and students can use the R&S<sup>®</sup>HMO1002 to learn basic measurement tasks. In education mode, the convenience functions can be switched off.

Thanks to 128K test points and analysis functions in the frequency domain, the R&S®HMO1002 keeps pace with significantly larger oscilloscopes. The time domain signal, measurement window, FFT analysis range and measurement result are displayed on a single screen, which makes it easier to measure the spectra.

The R&S®HMO1002 offers time domain, logic, protocol and frequency analysis in a single instrument and is a member of the Rohde & Schwarz family of scope-of-the-art oscilloscopes.

### Key facts

#### Superior hardware-based acquisition for precise measurement results

- I 1Gsample/s sampling rate, 1Msample memory depth
- I High vertical sensitivity down to 1 mV/div
- Low-noise measurement due to state-of-the-art A/D converter
- I High acquisition rate to identify signal faults

#### Versatile measurement functions and fast results

- I Wide selection of automatic measurement functions
- I QuickView: key results at the push of a button
- I Mask test: a new mask can be easily created with just a few keystrokes
- I FFT: the easy way to analyze the signal spectrum

#### Logic analysis with the MSO option

- I Mixed signal function as standard
- I Precise triggering on signal events
- I Straightforward display of digital signals
- I Low test point loading due to active probe solution

#### Serial bus analysis: hardware-based triggering and decoding

- I Versatile trigger options for isolating specific data packets
- I Color-coded display of decoded bus signals
- I Direct export of analyzed data to USB flash drive
- I Simultaneous decoding of two buses in realtime

#### The right waveform for each application

- The right signal at hand: pattern generator up to 50 Mbit/s and function generator up to 50 kHz
- I Pattern generator with standard bus signals, arb editor and counter
- I Function generator with all common waveforms

#### Voltmeter measurements using an oscilloscope

- I Three-digit display for precise voltage measurements
- Simultaneous measurement of primary and secondary voltage value per channel

#### Future-ready investment and scalability

- I Free firmware updates
- I Bandwidth upgrades as required
- I Serial bus analysis options via software licenses

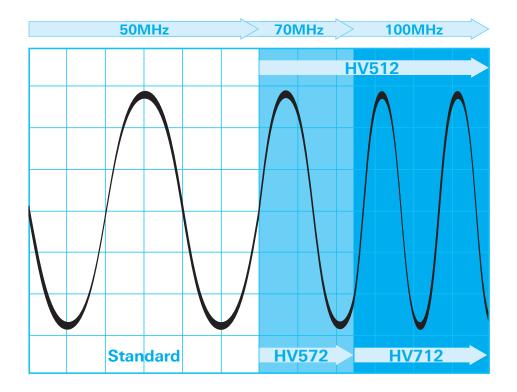
Application	How the R&S <sup>®</sup> HMO1002 meets your needs
Engineering lab	<ul> <li>Digital pattern generator with standard bus signals and arb editor</li> <li>Automeasurement function for 28 different parameters</li> <li>Powerful zoom function</li> <li>Fanless design</li> </ul>
Analog circuit design	<ul> <li>Sensitivity down to 1 mV/div</li> <li>Simultaneous voltmeter measurements on both analog channels</li> <li>Component tester</li> <li>FFT with 128 kpoints</li> </ul>
Embedded Debugging	<ul> <li>Mixed signal function with 8 logic channels</li> <li>Hardware-accelerated triggering and decoding of serial buses</li> <li>Pass/fail tests based on user-defined masks with error signal output</li> <li>5-digit hardware counter</li> </ul>
Education	<ul><li>Function generator with all common waveforms</li><li>Education mode</li></ul>

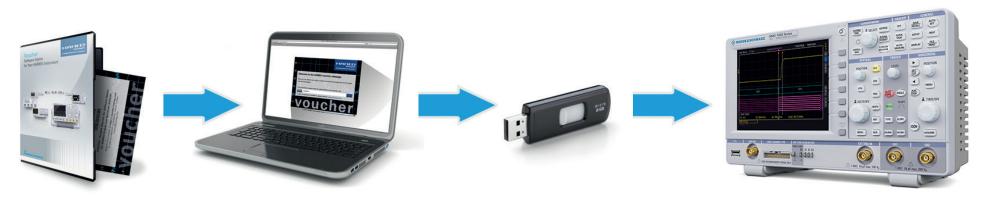
## 50 MHz, 70 MHz or 100 MHz

Depending on your requirements, the standard R&S®HMO1002 bandwidth can be upgraded from 50 MHz to 70 MHz or 100 MHz. This is done with upgrade vouchers which can be purchased at the dealer either together with the instrument or anytime thereafter.

- I The upgrade voucher HV572 allows the basic 50 MHz instrument to be upgraded to a bandwidth of 70 MHz.
- I Voucher HV512 increases the bandwidth from 50 MHz to 100 MHz.
- If an instrument has initially been upgraded to 70 MHz, the voucher HV712 enables you to upgrade it at any time to 100 MHz.

Voucher for bandwidth upgrades or serial bus analysis options are available at the dealer. The individual voucher number and the serial number of the instrument to be upgraded is entered at http://voucher.hameg.com. The customer immediately receives the respective licence key. By loading this key via USB interface on the instrument, a 50 MHz oscilloscope is upgraded to a bandwidth of 70 MHz or 100 MHz in no time.





# Always a MSO

Although it is unusual for this instrument class, the standard R&S®HMO1002 model is equipped with a mixed signal functionality with no software option necessary to unlock it. Analog and digital signals can be measured and analyzed simultaneously. A real life example is the integration of ADCs (analog digital converter) or DACs (digital analog converter). In this case, the mixed signal technology allows users to determine latency periods by means of a simple cursor measurement. Therefore a MSO allows developers to devote their full attention to the circuit without having to waste energy on the measurement setup.

The active logic probe R&S<sup>®</sup>HO3508 is available separately and is not linked to a specific instrument. It can be used with all R&S<sup>®</sup>HMO oscilloscopes.

TB: 50 ns	T:0s	ххххнннннннн	🗇 500 MSa	Refresh C
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				AC
<u>1</u> 1				
4				G N D
				D
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	00h	V	FFh	в
81		^		В ₩
0				
3				
5				Ď5 V
7 Zeit: (CH	1)			D7
t1:0s	t2: 28.00 ns	s ∆t: 28.00 ns	1/4t: 35.71 MHz	
CH1:5V≅				
POD1: TT	L			

8 bit DAC signal change

#### **Optional: Logic probe R&S®HO3508**



1 8 logic channels available on each logic probe

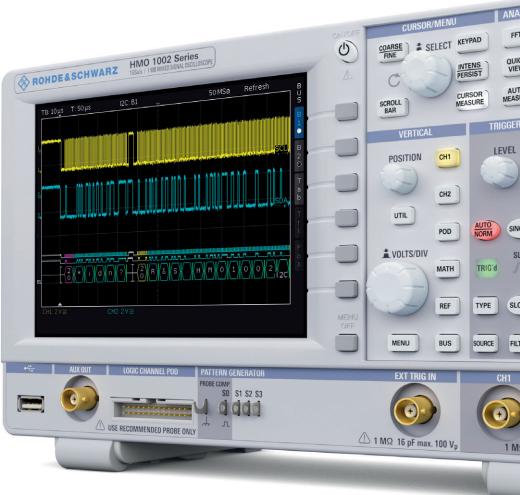
I Signal threshold adjustable for each logic pod

Specifications	
Channels	8
Memory depth per channel	512 Ksample. (HMO1002)
Input impedance	100 kΩ    <4 pF
Max. input frequency	350 MHz
Max. input voltage	40 V (DC + peak AC)
Measuring category	CAT I
Cable length	approx. 1 m

### **Serial Bus Analysis**

I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI, CAN or LIN – in terms of interaction with the outside world for embedded systems, it is safe to say that these are the most commonly used communication protocols. The R&S®HMO1002 oscilloscopes offer you hardwareaccelerated signal triggering and decoding for all of these protocols. You can upgrade your instrument via software licence keys with those functions required to develop your application:

HV110: Analysis of I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI and UART/RS-232 signals on analog and logic channels
HV111: Analysis of I<sup>2</sup>C and UART/RS-232 signals on all analog channels
HV112: Analysis of CAN and LIN signals on analog and logic channels

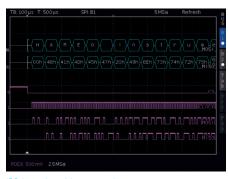




SPI bus signal, MISO / MOSI decoded

T: 99.2µs	CAN: B1	,	25 MSa	Refresh
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ULU ILU ILUI 14 AM1 CICII AM		h at a staff	n na wali	CAN_LL
				.CAN_DIFF
	5C/_]_[/_01/		7VCV5A	
	<u>1 /</u> ] <u>  43</u>	21n_/\ <u>//</u> 4/E/		
nV≅ )mV 12.5MSa				
			₹ 	

HEX decoded CAN bus signal



I<sup>2</sup>C bus signal in zoom view

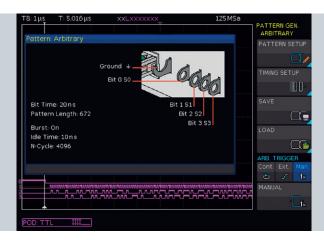
#### Serial bus trigger types:

- I l<sup>2</sup>C: Start, Stop, ACK, nACK, Address/Data
- SPI: Start, End, Serial Pattern (32Bit)
- I UART/RS-232: Startbit, Frame Start, Symbol, Pattern
- LIN: Frame Start, Wake Up, Identifier, Data, Error
- CAN: Frame Start, Frame End, Identifier, Data, Error

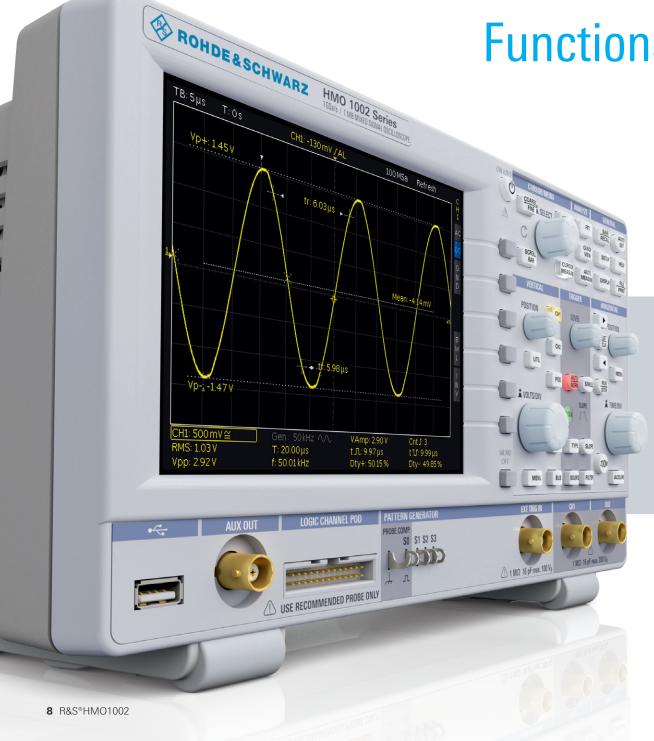


#### **Pattern Generator**

Are you working on a distributed project, the interface definition has been completed but the prototype hardware has yet to be implemented? The R&S®HMO1002 pattern generator includes a tool for freely programmable 4-bit wide bus signals which allows you to emulate a sensor signal, for instance, to continue your work.



- I Generate protocol telegrams at speeds of up to 50 Mbit/s
- Use predefined signal patterns: I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI, UART, CAN, LIN
- I Create your own patterns tailored to your needs
- Use the pattern generator as counter: a clock for your circuit with up to 25 MHz



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#### **Function Generator**

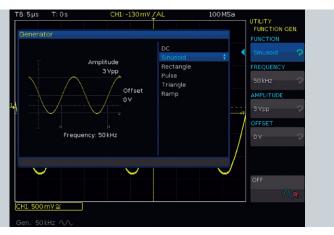
Select the signal type suitable for your scope of application. The various basic types with frequencies of up to 50 kHz not only assist trainees and students with their measuring tasks, they also support technicians in the audio field with their assessments of filters and passes.

#### **Digital Voltmeter (DVM)**

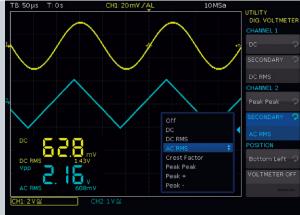
The three-digit digital voltmeter is also a standard feature which makes the work of service technicians in particular easier. Voltage measurements can be performed simultaneously for both analog channels. Integrated into a single compact device it allows you to keep your workplace tidy.

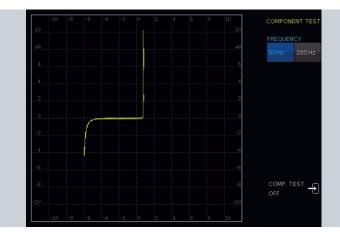
#### **Component Tester**

Our time proven component tester will also be at your side. Two measuring frequencies with 50 Hz or 200 Hz are provided to support your potentially tedious search for faulty components. And since a picture truly does say more than a thousand words, or rather individual values, you will be able to tell at a glance if your error analysis is on track.



- The function generator offers all common basic waveforms up to 50 kHz
- Available waveforms: Sine, square wave, pulse, triangle and ramp
- In tandem with the education mode which allows you to deactivate the automatic measuring functions for instruction and demonstration purposes, this will get you a powerful all-in-one instrument





- Perform measurements simultaneously on both analog channels, with two freely definable parameters each
- ${\rm I}$  These options are available: DC, DC,rms, ACrms, Crest Factor, V\_pp, V\_p+, V\_p-
- You decide about the position of the values on the screen

### **Frequency Analysis**

Due to the outstanding FFT functionality of the R&S®HMO series oscilloscopes signals can also be analysed in the frequency domain with up to 128 Kpoints. Additional practical tools such as cursor measurement as well as peak-detect-functions are also available. They allow engineers to complete their analysis significantly faster, also in the frequency domain.

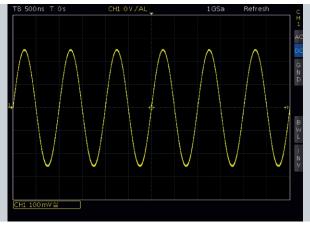


Figure 1: A sinusoid signal that appears undistorted at first sight

#### Easy analysis in frequency domain

Quite often the distortion of input signals cannot be detected with the naked eye. For instance, the sine wave signal displayed in figure 1 appears to be undistorted. Only the frequency spectrum (figure 2) - available with just one touch of a button - clearly displays additional harmonics that occur as harmonic oscillations for multiples of the basic frequency.

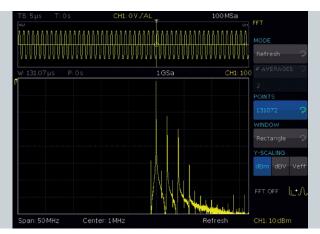


Figure 2: The frequency spectrum exposes the signal distortion

TB: 10µs T: 0 s CH1: SmV /AL 1GSa Refresh

Figure 3: Sine burst signal in time domain

For non-periodic input signals most instruments offer the option to trigger the spectrum at just the right moment to then check it in "STOP" mode at a later time. However, at that point, many oscilloscopes with FFT functionality calculate the spectrum only once and store the result in the memory. The base time signal will no longer be used for the calculation. Consequently, an investigation of all parts of the signal will no longer be possible. R&S®HMO series oscilloscopes work differently: Since FFT is also active for previously stored signals, it is possible to subsequently analyze any sections of those signals captured in single shot mode or stop mode with an adjustable window width. Figure 3 shows a sine burst signal in the time domain.

Pushing the FFT button will switch the oscilloscope into the frequency domain. Users can choose

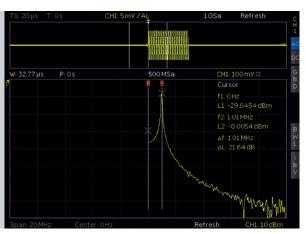
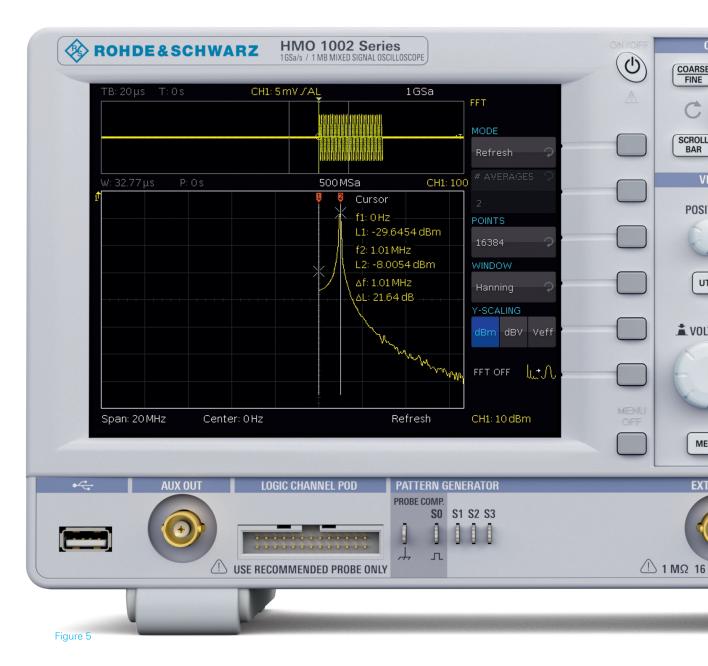


Figure 4: Rectangular measurement window

between various measurement windows like the "rectangular" type that has been used in figure 4. Although this window type captures frequencies at a high degree of accuracy, it is also accompanied by more noise. In order to suppress this disturbing interference users can for instance choose the Hanning window. The impact on the spectrum is visible in figure 5 (see device screen).



#### R&S®HMO1002

50/70/100MHz 2-channel mixed signal oscilloscopes

All data valid at 23°C after 30 minute warm-up

Display	
Display	16,5 cm (6,5") VGA Color Display
Resolution	640 (H) x 480 (V) Pixel
Backlight	400 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (LED)
Display range in horizontal direction	1
without menu bar	12 Div (600 Pixel)
with menu bar	10 Div (500 Pixel)
Display range in vertical direction	8 Div (400 Pixel)
with Virtual Screen usage	20 Div
Color depth	256 colors
Levels of trace brightness	32
Trace display	pseudo-color, inverse brightnes
Vertical System	
DSO Mode	CH1, CH2
MSO Mode	CH1, POD (with Logic Probe HO3508)
Analog channels	
Y-bandwidth (-3dB)	
(1 mV, 2 mV)/Div	50 MHz
(5 mV to 10 V)/Div	50 MHz (basic unit) 70 MHz (with HOO572/HV572 option) 100 MHz (with HOO512/HV512 or HOO712/HV712 option)
Lower AC bandwidth	2 Hz
Bandwidth limitation (switchable)	about 20 MHz
Rise time (calculated, 10%-90%)	
50 MHz (basic unit)	<7ns
basic unit with 70 MHz option	<5ns
basic unit with 100 MHz option	<3.5ns
DC gain accuracy (all ranges)	3% of full scale
Input sensitivity range	
all analog channels	1 mV/Div to 10 V/Div
coarse stepping	13 calibrated steps, 1-2-5 sequence
variable stepping	freely between calibrated steps
Impedance	1 MΩ II 16 pF ±2 pF
Coupling	DC, AC, GND

Max. input voltage	$200V_{\rm p}$ (derates at 20 db/decade to 5 V above 100 kHz)
Position range	±5 Div (from center of screen)
Channel isolation	35 dB from DC to specified bandwidth (same V/Div range)
XY mode	CH1, CH2
Inversion	selectively all analog channels
Logic channels (with logic	probe HO3508)
Thresholds	TTL, CMOS, ECL, user-definied (-2 V to +8 V)
Impedance	100 kΩ    4 pF
Coupling	DC
Max. input voltage	40 Vp
Trigger system	
Trigger mode	
Auto	Triggers automatically also without any specific trigger event
Normal	Triggers only on specific trigger events
Single	Triggers once on a trigger event
Trigger indicator	Screen and panel (LED)
Trigger sensitivity	
up to 5mV/Div	1.5 Div
from 5mV/Div	0.8 Div
Trigger level setting	
with auto level	adjustable between peak values of a signal
without auto level	±5 Div (from center of screen)
external	±5.0V
Trigger coupling	
AC	<5 mV/Div: 10 Hz to 65 MHz >5 mV/Div: 10 Hz to 65/90/130 MHz
DC	<5 mV/Div: DC to 65 MHz >5 mV/Div: DC to 65/90/130 MHz
HF	<5 mV/Div: 30 kHz to 65 MHz >5 mV/Div: 30 kHz to 65/90/130 MHz
selectable filters	
LF (low pass)	DC to $5 \text{kHz}$ (-3 db), selectable in DC and auto level mode
Noise rejection	min. level: 1.5 Div (> 5 mV/Div) selectable with AC, DC and HF coupling

Trigger hold-off	auto, 50 ns to 10 s
External trigger input (BNC)	
Impedance	1 MΩ    16 pF ±2 pF
Trigger level	$0.3V_{pp}$ to $10V_{pp}$
Max. input voltage	100 V <sub>p</sub>
Coupling	DC, AC
Trigger output	via AUX OUT (BNC)
Functions	Pulse output for every acquisition trigger event, error output on mask violation
Output level	3V
Pulse polarity	positive
Pulse width	$>\!150ns$ (trigger event), $>\!0.5\mu s$ (mask violation)
Trigger types	
Edge	
Direction	rising, falling, both
Trigger coupling	auto level AC, DC, HF
Switchable filters	LF, noise rejection
Sources	all analog and digital channels, AC line, external (AC, DC)
Pulse width	
Polarity	positive, negative
Functions	equal, not equal, lower, higher, within/ without a range
Pulse duration	16ns to 10s, resolution min. 2ns
Sources	all analog channels
Logic	
Functions	
Boolean operators	AND, OR, TRUE, FALSE
time based operators	equal, not equal, lower, higher, within/ without a time range, timeout
Duration	16ns to 10s, resolution min. 2ns
States	Н, L, X
Sources	all logic channels
Video	
Sync. pulse polarity	positive, negative
supported standards	NTSC, SECAM, PAL, PAL-M, SDTV 576i, HDTV 720p, HDTV 1080i, HDTV 1080p
Field	even/odd, either
Line	line number selectable, all
Sources:	all analog channels, external (AC, DC)

Serial Busses (optional)	
Bus representation	Up to two busses can be analyzed at the same time. Color-coded display of decoded data in ASCII, binary, decimal and hexadecimal format.
Option code	
HOO10	Analysis of I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232 sign on analog and logic channels
H0011	Analysis of I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232 sign on all analog channels
H0012	Analysis of CAN and LIN signals on analog and logic channels
Trigger types by protocols	
l <sup>2</sup> C	Start, Stop, ACK, NACK, Address/Data
SPI	Start, End, Serial Pattern (32 Bit)
UART/RS-232	Startbit, Frame Start, Symbol, Pattern
LIN	Frame Start, Wake Up, Identifier, Data, Error
CAN	Frame Start, Frame End, Identifier, Dat Error
Horizontal System	
Display	
Time domain (Yt)	main screen, time domain and zoom window
Frequency domain (FFT)	time domain and frequency domain window (FFT)
XY mode	voltage (XY)
VirtualScreen	virtual display of ±10 Div for all math, logic, bus, reference signals
Component tester	voltage (X), current (Y)
Reference signals	up to 4 references
Channel deskew	±32 ns, step size 2 ns
Memory Zoom	up to 50.000:1
Time base	
Accuracy	50.0 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>
Aging	10.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> per year
Operation Modes	
REFRESH	2 ns/Div to 50 s/Div

Acquisition System	
realtime sampling rate	
Analog channels	2 x 500 MSa/s or 1 x 1 GSa/s
Logic channels	8 x 500 MSa/s
Memory depth	2 x 500 kPts or 1 x 1 MPts
Resolution	8 Bit, (HiRes up to 16Bit)
Waveform arithmetics	refresh, roll (loose/triggered), average (up to 1024), envelope, peak detect (2ns), filter (low-pass, adjustable), high resolution (up to 16 bit)
Record modes	automatic, max. sampling rate, max. waveform rate
Interpolation	
all analog channels	sin(x)/x, linear, sample-hold
logic channels	pulse
Delay	
pre-trigger	0 to 500.000 Sa x (1/sample rate), multiplied by 2 in interlaced mode
post-trigger	0 to 8x10 <sup>6</sup> Sa x (1/sample rate)
Waveform update rate	up to 10,000 Wfm/s
Waveform display	dots, vectors, persistence afterglow
Persistence afterglow	min. 50 ms
Waveform measurements and Op	peration
Operation	menu-driven (multilingual), auto-set, help functions (multilingual)
Automatic measurements	voltage (V <sub>pp</sub> , V <sub>p+</sub> , V <sub>p</sub> , V <sub>ms</sub> , V <sub>avg</sub> , V <sub>min</sub> , V <sub>max</sub> ), amplitude, phase, frequency, period, rise/ fall time (80%, 90%), pulse width (pos/ neg), burst width, duty cycle (pos/neg), standard deviation, delay, crest factor, overshoot (pos/neg), edge/pulse count (pos/neg), trigger period, trigger frequency
Cursor measurements	voltage (V1, V2, $\Delta$ V), time (t1, t2, $\Delta$ t, 1/ $\Delta$ t), ratio X, ratio Y, pulse and edge count (pos/neg), peak values (V <sub>pp</sub> , V <sub>p+</sub> , V <sub>p-</sub> ), mean/RMS/standard deviation, duty cycle (pos/neg), rise/fall time (80%, 90%),

Quick measurements (QUICKVIEW)	voltage (V <sub>pp</sub> , V <sub>p+</sub> , V <sub>p</sub> , V <sub>rms</sub> , V <sub>mean</sub> ), rise/fall time, frequency, period plus 6 additional measurement functions (see automatic measurement functions, freely selectable
Marker	up to 8 freely positionable markers for easy navigation
Frequency counter (hardware base	ed)
Resolution	5 digit
Frequency range	0.5 Hz to 100 MHz
Accuracy	50.0 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>
Aging	$\pm 10.0 \times 10^{-6}$ per year
Mask Testing	
Functions	Pass/Fail comparison with an user-definied mask performed on waveforms
Sources	all analog channels
Mask definition	Mask enclosing acquired waveform with user-defined tolerance
Actions	
on mask violations	beep, acquisition stop, screenshot, trigger pulse, automatically saving trace data
during acquisiton	Statistics: number of completed tests, number of passes / failed acquisitions (absolute and in percent), test duration
Waveform maths	
Quickmath	
Functions	addition, substraction, multiplication, division
Sources	CH1, CH2
Frequency Analysis (FFT)	
Parameters	frequency span, center frequency, vertica scale, vertical position
FFT length	2 Kpts, 4 Kpts, 8 Kpts, 16 Kpts, 32 Kpts, 64 Kpts, 128 Kpts
Window	Hanning, Hamming, Rectangular, Blackman
Scale	dBm, dBV, V <sub>rms</sub>

Cursor measurement	2 horizontal cursors, previous/next peak search
Sources	all analog channels
Pattern Generator	
Functions	square wave / probe adjust, bus signal source, counter, programmable pattern
Square wave (Probe ADJ output)	frequency range: 1 mHz to 500 kHz level: $2.5 V_{pp}$ (ta <4 ns) polarity: normal, invert duty cycle: 1% to 99%
Bus Signal Source (4 Bit):	I <sup>2</sup> C (100 kBit/s, 400 kBit/s, 1 MBit/s), SPI (100 kBit/s, 250 kBit/s, 1 MBit/s), UART (9600 Bit/s, 115,2 kBit/s, 1 MBit/s), CAN (up to 50 MBits/s), LIN (up to 50 MBits/s)
Counter (4 Bit)	frequency: 1 mHz to 25 MHz direction: incrementing, decrementing
Programmable pattern (4 Bit)	sampling time: 20 ns to 42 s memory depth: 2048 sa pattern idle time: 20 ns to 42 s
Function Generator	
Waveform modes	DC, sine, square, triangle/ramp, pulse
Sine	frequency range: 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz flatness: ±1 dB relative to 1 kHz
Square	frequency range: 0.1 Hz to 25 kHz rise time: ${<}4\mu s$
Triangle/ramp	frequency range: 0,1 Hz bis 10 kHz
Pulse	frequency range: 0.1 Hz to 10 kHz duty cycle: 10% to 90%
Sampling rate	978kSa/s
Frequency accuracy	50.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
Aging	±10.0 x 10 <sup>.6</sup> per year
Amplitude	
high impedance load	$60mV_{pp}$ to $6V_{pp}$
50Ω load	$30mV_{pp}$ to $3V_{pp}$
Accuracy	3%
DC offset	±3V

Digital Voltmeter	
Display (3-digit)	Primary and secondary measurement value per channel, simultaneous measuring on all channels
Functions	DC, DC <sub>rms</sub> , AC <sub>rms</sub> , V <sub>pp</sub> , V <sub>p+</sub> , V <sub>p</sub> -, crest factor
Sources	all analog channels
Component Tester	
Parameters	voltage (X), current (Y)
Testing frequency	50 Hz, 200 Hz
Voltage	$10 V_p$ (open)
Current	10 mA (short)
Reference potential	Ground (PE)
Interfaces	
for mass storage (FAT16/32)	1 x USB-Host (Typ A), max. 500 mA
for remote control	Ethernet (RJ45), USB Device (Typ B)
General Data	
Application memory	3 MB for references and device settings
Save/Recall	
device settings	on internal file system or external USB memory, available file formats: SCP, HDS
reference waveforms:	on internal file system or external USB memory, available file formats: BIN (MSB/ LSB), FLT (MSB/LSB), CSV, TXT, HRT
traces	on external USB memory, available file formats: BIN (MSB/LSB), FLT (MSB/LSB), CSV, TXT
data	display or acquisition data
sources	single or all analog channels
screenshots	on external USB memory, available file formats: BMP, GIF, PNG
Realtime Clock (RTC)	date and time
Power supply	
AC supply	100 V to 240 V, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, CAT-II
Power consumption	max. 25W

Safety	in line with IEC 61010-1 (ed. 3), IEC 61010-2-30 (ed. 1), EN 61010-1, EN 61010-2-030, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010- 2-030-12, UL Std. No. 61010-1 (3rd Edition), UL61010-2-030	
Operating temperature range	+5°C to +40°C	
Storage temperature range	-20°C to +70°C	
Rel. humidity	5% to 80% (without condensation)	
Mechanical Data		
Dimensions (W x H x D)	285 x 175 x 140 mm	
Net weight	2.5 kg	

Options and Vouchers			
Description	Optionen-Code	Voucher-Code	
Bandwidth upgrade 50 MHz to 70 MHz	HOO572	HV572	
Bandwidth upgrade 50 MHz to 100 MHz	HOO512	HV512	
Bandwidth upgrade 70 MHz to 100 MHz	H00712	HV712	
I2C, SPI, UART/RS-232 on analog and digital channels	HOO10	HV110	
I2C, SPI, UART/RS-232 on all analog channels	H0011	HV111	
CAN und LIN on analog and digital channels	H0012	HV112	

#### Accessories included:

Line cord, printed operating manual, 2 probes : HZ154 (100MHz, 10:1/1:1 switchable), HZ20 adapter BNC plug /4 mm banana socket, software-CD

### **Recommended Accessories**

#### HZO50

AC/DC Current Probe 30A. DC to 100 kHz



#### HZ051

AC/DC Current Probe 100/1000A, DC to 20kHz

HZO40

HZO20

Active differential probe 200 MHz (10:1, 3.5 pF, 1 MΩ)

High voltage probe 1000:1

(400 MHz, 1000 V<sub>rms</sub>)



HZ53 100 MHz passive probe 100:1 (4.5 pF, 100 MΩ)



#### HZO30

1 GHz active probe  $(0.9 \, \text{pF}, 1 \, \text{M} \Omega)$ 



### **HZO41**

HZO90

Carrying case for

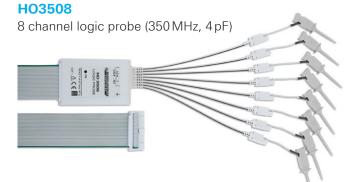
protection and transport

Active differential probe 800 MHz (10:1, 1 pF, 200 kΩ)



Differential Probe 100:1/1000:1





HZ51 150 MHz passive probe 10:1 (12 pF, 10 MΩ)



HZ52 250 MHz passive probe 10:1 (10 pF, 10 MΩ)







**HZO91** 4 RU 19" rackmount kit







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