



# **OLED SPECIFICATION**

Model No:

# RET025664AYPP3N00000

## **CUSTOMER:**

APPROVED BY	
PCB VERSION	
DATE	

FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY

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# 1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	2015/02/02		First release
Α	2015/07/02		Modify Life Time
В	2015/12/22		Modify Life Time
С	2016/06/01		Modify Static
			electricity test
D	2017/09/29		Modify Reliability test
			Condition
E	2018/11/27		Modify Static
			electricity test
			Content of Test



## **Contents**

- 1.General Specification
- 2. Module Classification Information
- 3.Interface Pin Function
- 4. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings
- 6. Electrical Characteristics
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- 8.OLED Lifetime
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- 10.Inspection specification
- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules



## 1.General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

■ Module dimension: 84.0 × 25.8 × 2.05 mm

■ Active area: 69.098 × 17.258 mm

■ Dot Matrix: 256 × 64

■ Pixel size: 0.248 × 0.248 mm

■ Pixel pitch: 0.27 × 0.27 mm

■ Duty: 1/64 Duty

■ Display Mode: Passive Matrix

■ Display Color: Yellow

■ IC: SSD1322

■ Interface: 6800, 8080, SPI

■ Size: 2.8 inch



## 2. Module Classification information

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R	Е	Т	025664	Α	Υ	Р	Р	3	N	0	0	0	00

1	Brand : Raysta	ar Op	tronics Inc.			
2	E: OLED					
			COB Character COG		G: COB Graphic H: COG + FR	
3	Display Type	P:	COG + FR + PCB COG + PCB		T : T/	
4	Dot Matrix: 2					
5	Series				ı	
			A: Amber	R: Red		C : Full Color
	Fasittia a Calaa		B: Blue	W : White		
6	Emitting Color		G: Green	Y: Yellow		
			S: Sky Blue	X : Dual Color		
7	Polarizer		P: With Polarizer;		izer	
			A : Anti-glare Polar			
8	Display Mode	<del>-</del>	P: Passive Matrix		1X	
9	Driver Voltage			5 : 5.0V		
10	Touch Panel		N: Without touch p	panel; I: With tou	ich pan	nel
	Droduct type		0 : Standard 1 : Daylight Reada	ble		1000
11	Product type		2: Transparent OL	` ,		
			3 : Flexible OLED	(FOLED)		
	,		4 : OLED Lighting			0000
			0 : Standard			
12	Inspection Gra	de	2 : B grade			
			C : Automotive gra			
	7		Y : Consumer grad		- FD	2 D . D
13	Option		0 : Default ; F : ZIF		oar FP(	ב; ט : Demo Kit
14	Serial No.		Serial number(00~2	ZZ)		1000000



# **3.Interface Pin Function**

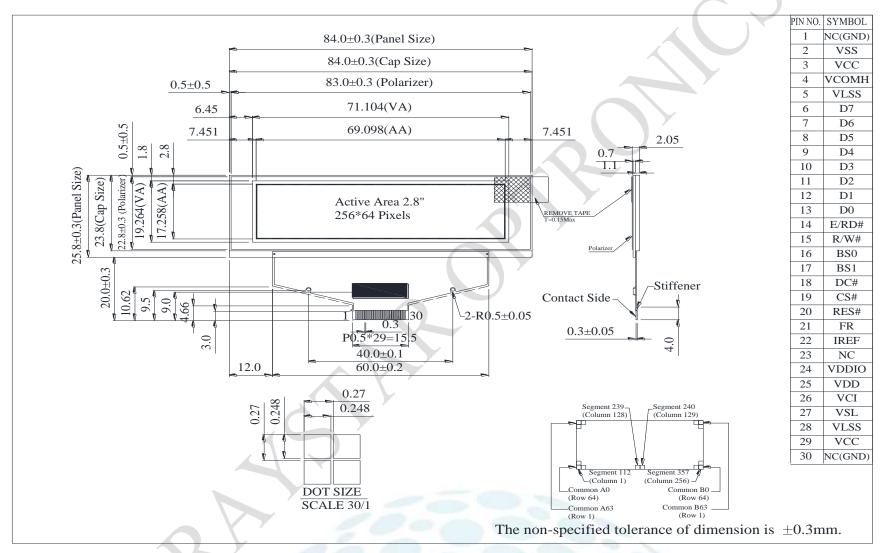
Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function			
Power Su	pply					
26	VCI	Р	Power Supply for Operation			
			This is a voltage supply pin. It must be cor	nected to ex	ternal source & alway	/s be
			equal to or higher than VDD & VDDIO.		7	
25	VDD	Р	Power Supply for Core Logic Circuit			
			This is a voltage supply pin. It can be supply of the supply pin.			
			2.4~2.6V) or regulated internally from VCI.		snould be connected	
24	VDDIO	Р	between this pin & VSS under all circumstance  Power Supply for I/O Pin	ances.		
	VDDIO	'	This pin is a power supply pin of I/O buffer	It should be	connected to VDD or	r
			external source. All I/O signal should have			
			signal pins (BS0~BS1, D0~D7, control sign			
			connected to VDDIO.			
2	VSS	Р	Ground of Logic Circuit			
			This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference	ence for the	logic pins. It must be	
2.00	V00	_	connected to external ground.			
3,29	VCC	Р	Power Supply for OLED Panel These are the most positive voltage supply	, pip of the c	hin Thoy must be sen	noctod
			to external source.	/ pin or the ci	nip. They must be con	iiiecteu
5,28	VLSS	Р	Ground of Analog Circuit			
0,20		ļ -	These are the analog ground pins. They sl	nould be con	nected to VSS externa	ally.
Driver		•				-
22	IREF	I	Current Reference for Brightness Adjus			
			This pin is segment current reference pin.		ould be connected be	tween
4	VCOMI	_	this pin and VSS. Set the current lower that			
4	VCOMH	Р	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signary This pin is the input pin for the voltage out		I for COM signals A to	antalum
			capacitor should be connected between th			antaium
27	VSL	Р	Voltage Output Low Level for SEG Sign		50.	
			This is segment voltage reference pin.			
			When external VSL is not used, this pin sh	ould be left of	open.	
			When external VSL is used, this pin should	d connect wit	th resistor and diode to	0
Tooting D	ada (		ground.			-
Testing P	FR	О	Frame Frequency Triggering Signal			
21	11		This pin will send out a signal that could be	used to ide	ntify the driver status	
			Nothing should be connected to this pin. It			
16	BS0	I	Communicating Protocol Select			
17	BS1		These pins are MCU interface selection in	out. See the	following table:	
				BS0	BS1	
			3-wire SPI	1	0	
			4-wire SPI	0	0	
			8-bit 68XX Parallel	1	1	
					12.01	
			8-bit 80XX Parallel	0	1	91
20	RES#	I	Power Reset for Controller and Driver	100		44
			This pin is reset signal input. When the pin	ıs low, initia	lization of the chip is	17.0
			executed.	1850		



19	CS#	Τı	Chip Select
.0	00"	'	This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only
			when CS# is pulled low.
18	D/C#	ı	Data/Command Control
			This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at
			D7~D0 is treated as display data.
			When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 will be transferred to the command
			register. For detail relationship to MCU interface signals, please refer to the Timing
			Characteristics Diagrams.
14	E/RD#	I	Read/Write Enable or Read
			This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor,
			this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when
			this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low.
			When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#)
			signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled
			low.
4=	D 04///		When serial mode is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
15	R/W#	I	Read/Write Select or Write
			This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor,
			this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode.
			When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data
			write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.
			When serial mode is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
6~13	D7~D0	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus
0 .0	2. 20	"	These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's
			data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and
			D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK.
			Unused pins must be connected to VSS except for D2 in serial mode
Reserve	•	•	
23	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin
			The N.C. pin between function pins are reserved for compatible and flexible design.
1,30	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin)
	(GND)		The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins.
			These pins must be connected to external ground.

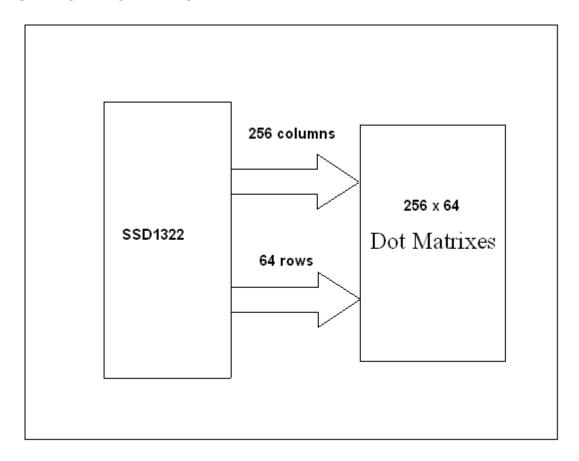


## 4. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram





### **FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM**



<sup>\*</sup>For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Raystar Optronics.



# **5. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	VDDIO	-0.5	VCI	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	20	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	70	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	85	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate

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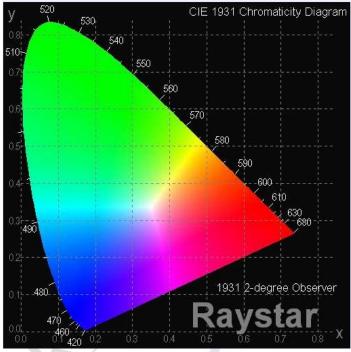
# **6.Electrical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.4	2.5	2.6	V
Power Supply for I/O pins	VDDIO	_	1.65	3.0	VCI	V
Low voltage power supply	VCI	_	2.4	3.0	3.5	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	14.0	14.5	15.0	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	<b>—</b>	$V_{DDIO}$	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	0		0.2×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.9×V <sub>DDIO</sub>		V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
Low Level Output	VOL	_	0	_	0.1×V <sub>DDIO</sub>	V
50% Check Board operation  Current	ng	VCC =14.5V	23.0	25.0	32.0	mA



# 7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
View / tilgie	(Η)φ	_	160	_	7	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	-		
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10		μs
	T fall	_		10	_	μs
Display with 50% check	Board Brightnes	SS	80	100	_	_
CIEx(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	_
CIEy(Yellow)		x,y(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	_







## 8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	50,000 Hrs	-	Note

#### Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.



# 9.Reliability

**Content of Reliability Test** 

Environmenta	ıl Test		
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	- (
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	4
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 120hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle.  -40°C 25°C 80°C  30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C/80°C 30 cycles	350
Mechanical Te	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	0
Others	Y		- 1
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	_

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 



#### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

#### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

#### **APPENDIX:**

#### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



# 10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL		
01	Electrical Testing	<ul> <li>1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect.</li> <li>1.2 Missing character, dot or icon.</li> <li>1.3 Display malfunction.</li> <li>1.4 No function or no display.</li> <li>1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications.</li> <li>1.6 OLED viewing angle defect.</li> <li>1.7 Mixed product types.</li> <li>1.8 Contrast defect.</li> </ul>			0.65		
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	<ul> <li>2.1 White and black spots on display ≤0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present.</li> <li>2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.</li> </ul>		2.5			
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamina tion (non- display)	3.1 Round type : following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2			SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)		0 /			
		- 3 (	Length	Wi		Acceptable Q TY	
		→ L +	 L≦3.0 L≦2.5	0.0	≤0.02 02 <w≤0.03 03<w≤0.05 05<w< td=""><td>Accept no dense 2 As round type</td><td>2.5</td></w<></w≤0.05 </w≤0.03 	Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are vis judge using blac specifications, no to find, must che specify direction	k spot ot easy eck in	Φ: 0.2 0.5 1.0	ze Φ $\leq$ 0.20 $20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$ $50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$ $00 < \Phi$ tal Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5



NO	Item	Criterion			AQL
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED b	lack spots, white spo	ts, contamination	
		Symbols Define: x: Chip length	y: Chip width z: 0 t: Glass thickness a	Chip thickness	
	Chipped glass	6.1 General glass chi 6.1.1 Chip on panel s	ip : surface and crack bet X	ween panels:	7
			A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	
		Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing	x≦1/8a	
06			area Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	2.5
			ore chips, x is total ler		
			ore ornpo, x to total ler	igur or edorr omp.	
		6.1.2 Corner crack:			
		X X Z	宝y		
		44			-
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	D (C)
	7	Z. Criip triickriess Z≦1/2t	Not over viewing	x. Onip length x≤1/8a	
		Z=\//21	area	Λ <u>⇒</u> 1/0α	
		1/2t <z≦2t< td=""><td>Not exceed 1/3k</td><td>x≦1/8a</td><td></td></z≦2t<>	Not exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	
		⊙ If there are 2 or mo	ore chips, x is the tota	l length of each chip.	0



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL		
		Symbols:	_		
		x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness			
		k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length			
		L: Electrode pad length			
		6.2 Protrusion over terminal :			
	6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :				
		- T			
		2			
		133			
		AX AX			
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness			
		$y \le 0.5$ mm $x \le 1/8$ a $0 < z \le t$			
		6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:			
		المسل المسال			
	Glass				
06	crack		2.5		
		y Z			
		X -32, X			
		n			
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip			
		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
		y = L $X = 176a$ $0 < Z = L$ $0$ OIf the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO			
		must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal			
		specifications.	0 /		
	⊙If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment				
		mark not be damaged.			
	•	6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.	2.		
		y: width x: length			
		y ≦ 1/3L			
		y and a second s			
			-		
		112 0 0 0 0	000		



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	<ul> <li>8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.</li> <li>8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.</li> <li>8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.</li> </ul>	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	<ul><li>9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.</li><li>9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.</li></ul>	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	<ul> <li>10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.</li> <li>10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.</li> <li>10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.</li> <li>10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.</li> <li>10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.</li> <li>10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.</li> <li>10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.</li> <li>10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	<ul> <li>11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.</li> <li>11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle.</li> <li>11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.</li> <li>11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.</li> </ul>	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65



	Criterion	AQL
12 Gene appe	<ul> <li>12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.</li> <li>12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.</li> <li>12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5



Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Sormal B Dark Pixel C Light Pixel



## 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9) Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time.
- (10) Raystar has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11) Raystar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Raystar have the right to modify the version.)

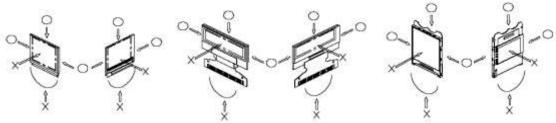
### 11.1 Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
- \* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.





- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- \* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- \* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- \* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- \* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

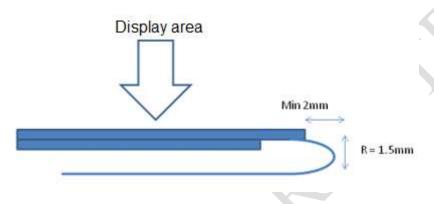
### **11.2 Storage Precautions**

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Raystar Optronics Inc. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- (2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.



### 11.3 Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module. Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.
- (8) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.





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Module Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet				
Module Number :				
1 · Panel Specification :	1 · Panel Specification :			
1. Panel Type:	□ Pass	□NG ,		
2. Numbers of Pixel:	□ Pass	□NG ,		
3. View Area:	□ Pass	□NG ,		
4. Active Area:	□ Pass	□NG ,		
5.Emitting Color:	□ Pass	□NG ,		
6.Uniformity:	□Pass	□NG ,		
7.Operating	□ Pass	□NG ,		
Temperature :		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
8.Storage	□ Pass	□NG ,		
Temperature :				
9.Others:				
2 · Mechanical Specificati	on:			
1. PCB Size:	□Pass	□NG ,		
2.Frame Size :	□Pass	□NG ,		
3.Materal of Frame :	□Pass	□NG ,		
4.Connector Position:	□Pass	□NG ,		
5.Fix Hole Position:	□Pass	□NG ,		
6. Thickness of PCB:	□Pass	□NG ,		
7. Height of Frame to	□Pass	□NG ,		
PCB:				
8.Height of Module:	□Pass	□NG ,		
9.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,		
3 · Relative Hole Size :	//			
1.Pitch of Connector:	□Pass	□NG ,		
2.Hole size of	□Pass	□NG ,		
Connector:	00			
3.Mounting Hole size:	□Pass	□NG ,		
4.Mounting Hole Type:	□Pass	□NG ,		
5.Others:	□Pass	□NG,		

>> Go to page 2 <<



Page: 2 **Module Number:** 4 · Electronic Characteristics of Module : \_\_\_\_ □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 1.Input Voltage: □Pass □NG ,\_\_\_ 2.Supply Current: □Pass 3.Driving Voltage for □NG ,\_\_\_\_ □Pass OLED: □NG ,\_\_\_\_ 4.Contrast for OLED: □Pass 5.Negative Voltage □NG , □Pass Output: □Pass □NG ,\_\_ 6.Interface Function: 7.ESD test: □NG ,\_\_ □Pass 8.Others: □Pass □NG , 5 · Summary : Sales signature : Customer Signature: Date: